

PRACTICE SET

15

INSTRUCTIONS

- This practice set consists of two sections. Quantitative Aptitude (Qs. 1-40) & Reasoning Ability (Qs. 41-80).
- All the questions are compulsory.
- Each question has five options, of which only one is correct. The candidates are advised to read all the options thoroughly.
- There is negative marking equivalent to $1/4^{\text{th}}$ of the mark allotted to the specific question for wrong answer.

Time : 45 Min.

Max. Marks : 80

QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 1-10) : What will come in place of question mark (?) in the following questions ?

- 48% of 525 + ? % of 350 = 399
(a) 42 (b) 46 (c) 28
(d) 26 (e) None of these
- $\frac{3}{7}$ of $\frac{4}{5}$ of $\frac{5}{8}$ of 490 = ?
(a) 115 (b) 105 (c) 108
(d) 116 (e) None of these
- $\sqrt{?} + 17^2 = 335$
(a) 46 (b) 42 (c) 1764
(d) 2116 (e) None of these
- 125% of 560 + 22% of 450 = ?
(a) 799 (b) 700 (c) 782
(d) 749 (e) None of these
- $\frac{28 \times 5 - 15 \times 6}{7^2 + \sqrt{256} + (13)^2} = ?$
(a) $\frac{27}{115}$ (b) $\frac{22}{117}$ (c) $\frac{25}{117}$
(d) $\frac{22}{115}$ (e) None of these
- $18.76 + 222.24 + 3242.15 = ?$
(a) 3384.15 (b) 3483.15 (c) 3283.25
(d) 3383.25 (e) None of these
- $784 \div 16 \div 7 = ?$
(a) 49 (b) 14 (c) 21
(d) 7 (e) None of these
- $\frac{3}{2}$ of 455 + $\frac{5}{8}$ of 456 = ?
(a) 448 (b) 476 (c) 480
(d) 464 (e) None of these
- 1.05% of 2500 + 2.5% of 440 = ?
(a) 37.50 (b) 37.25 (c) 370.25
(d) 372.50 (e) None of these
- $4900 \div 28 \times 444 \div 12 = ?$
(a) 6575 (b) 6475 (c) 6455
(d) 6745 (e) None of these
- What is the compound interest accrued on an amount of Rs 8500 in two years @ interest 10% per annum?
(a) ₹ 1875 (b) ₹ 1885 (c) ₹ 1775
(d) ₹ 1765 (e) None of these
- A train running at the speed of 60 kmph crosses a 200 m long platform in 27 s. What is the length of the train ?
(a) 250m (b) 200m (c) 240m
(d) 450m (e) None of these
- 10 men can complete a piece of work in 8 days. In how many days can 16 men complete that work?
(a) 4 days (b) 5 days (c) 6 days
(d) 3 days (e) None of these
- If the numerator of a certain fractions increased by 100% and the denominator is increased by 200%; the new fraction thus formed is $\frac{4}{21}$. What is the original fraction?
(a) $\frac{2}{7}$ (b) $\frac{3}{7}$ (c) $\frac{2}{5}$
(d) $\frac{4}{7}$ (e) None of these

15. The ratio of the ages of A and B seven years ago was 3 : 4 respectively. The ratio of their ages nine years from now will be 7 : 8 respectively. What is B's age at present ?
 (a) 16 years (b) 19 years (c) 28 years
 (d) 23 years (e) None of these
16. The perimeter of a square is thrice the perimeter of a rectangle. If the perimeter of the square is 84 cm and the length of the rectangle is 8 cm, what is the difference between the breadth of the rectangle and the side of the square?
 (a) 15 cm (b) 19 cm (c) 10 cm
 (d) 8 cm (e) None of these
17. The area of a circle is equal to the area of a rectangle with perimeter equal to 42 m and breadth equal to 8.5 m. What is the area of the circle?
 (a) 116.25 sq m (b) 104.25 sq m (c) 146.25 sq m
 (d) 128.25 sq m (e) None of these
18. The product of 5% of a positive number and 3% of the same number is 504.6. What is half of that number?
 (a) 290 (b) 340 (c) 680
 (d) 580 (e) None of these
19. 4 women and 12 children together take four days to complete a piece of work. How many days will four children alone take to complete the piece of work if two women alone can complete the piece of work in 16 days?
 (a) 32 (b) 24 (c) 16
 (d) 12 (e) None of these
20. Anu walks 2.31 km in three weeks by walking an equal distance each day. How many metres does she walk each day?
 (a) 110m (b) 90m (c) 140m
 (d) 120m (e) None of these
21. A man riding a bicycle completes one lap of a square field along its perimeter at the speed of 43.2 km/hr in 1 minute 20 seconds. What is the area of the field?
 (a) 52900 sq m (b) 57600 sq m (c) 48400 sq m
 (d) Can't be determined
 (e) None of these
22. On Teacher's Day, 4800 sweets were to be equally distributed among a certain number of children. But on that particular day 100 children were absent. Hence, each child got four sweets extra. How many children were originally supposed to be there?
 (a) 300 (b) 400 (c) 540
 (d) 500 (e) Can't be determined.
23. The ratio of the monthly incomes of Sneha, Tina and Akriti is 95:110:116. If Sneha's annual income is ₹3,42,000, what is Akriti's annual income?
 (a) ₹3,96,900 (b) ₹5,63,500 (c) ₹4,17,600
 (d) ₹3,88,000 (e) None of these
24. A truck covers a distance of 256 km at the speed of 32 km/hr. What is the average speed of a car which travels a distance of 160 km more than the truck in the same time?
 (a) 46 kmh⁻¹ (b) 52 kmh⁻¹ (c) 49 kmh⁻¹
 (d) 64 kmh⁻¹ (e) None of these
25. In an examination, the maximum aggregate marks is 1020. In order to pass the exam a student is required to obtain 663 marks out of the aggregate marks. Shreya obtained 612 marks. By what per cent did Shreya fail the exam?

- (a) 5% (b) 8% (c) 7%
 (d) Can't be determined
 (e) None of these

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 26-30): Study the following information and answer the questions that follow :

The premises of a bank are to be renovated. The renovation is in terms of flooring. Certain areas are to be floored either with marble or wood. All rooms/halls and pantry are rectangular. The area to be renovated comprises of a hall for customer transaction measuring 23 m by 29 m, branch manager's room measuring 13 m by 17 m, a pantry measuring 14 m by 13 m, a record keeping cum server room measuring 21 m by 13 m and locker area measuring 29 m by 21 m. The total area of the bank is 2000 square meters. The cost of wooden flooring is ₹ 170/- per square meter and the cost of marble flooring is ₹ 190/- per square meter. The locker area, record keeping cum server room and pantry are to be floored with marble. The branch manager's room and the hall for customer transaction are to be floored with wood. No other area is to be renovated in terms of flooring.

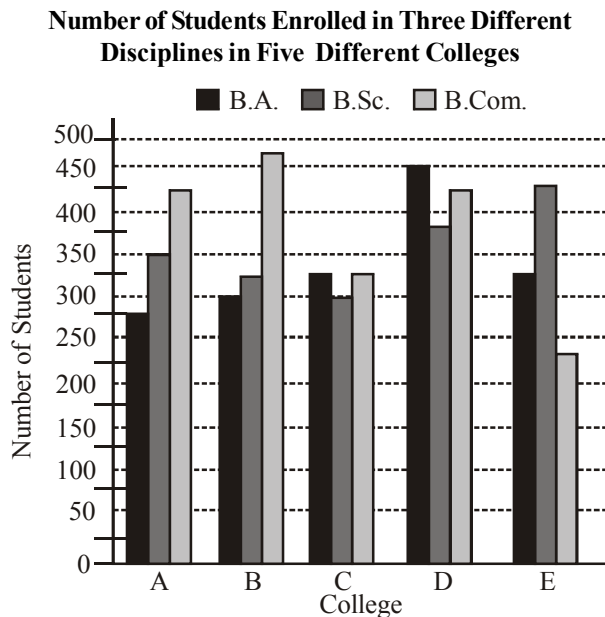
26. What is the respective ratio of the total cost of wooden flooring to the total cost of marble flooring ?
 (a) 1879 : 2527 (b) 1887 : 2386
 (c) 1887 : 2527 (d) 1829 : 2527
 (e) 1887 : 2351
27. If the four walls and ceiling of the branch manager's room (The height of the room is 12 meters) are to be painted at the cost of ₹ 190/- per square meter, how much will be the total cost of renovation of the branch manager's room including the cost of flooring ?
 (a) ₹ 1,36,800/- (b) ₹ 2,16,660/-
 (c) ₹ 1,78,790/- (d) ₹ 2,11,940/-
 (e) None of these
28. If the remaining area of the bank is to be carpeted at the rate of ₹ 110/- per square meter, how much will be the increment in the total cost of renovation of bank premises ?
 (a) ₹ 5,820/- (b) ₹ 4,848/-
 (c) ₹ 3,689/- (d) ₹ 6,890/-
 (e) None of these
29. What is the percentage area of the bank that is not to be renovated ?
 (a) 2.2 (b) 2.4
 (c) 4.2 (d) 4.4
 (e) None of these
30. What is the total cost of renovation of the hall for customer transaction and the locker area ?
 (a) ₹ 2,29,100/- (b) ₹ 2,30,206/-
 (c) ₹ 2,16,920/- (d) ₹ 2,42,440/-
 (e) None of these

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 31-35) : What should come in place of question mark (?) in the following number series?

31. 8 52 ? 1287 4504.5 11261.25 16891.875
 (a) 462 (b) 286 (c) 194
 (d) 328 (e) None of these

32. 3 42 504 ? 40320 241920 967680
 (a) 6048 (b) 5544 (c) 4536
 (d) 5040 (e) None of these
33. 403 400 394 382 358 310 ?
 (a) 244 (b) 210 (c) 214
 (d) 256 (e) None of these
34. 7 8 4 13 -3 22 ?
 (a) -7 (b) -10 (c) -12
 (d) -14 (e) None of these
35. 250000 62500 12500 3125 625 ? 31.25
 (a) 156.25 (b) 172.25 (c) 125
 (d) 150 (e) None of these

DIRECTIONS (Q. 36-40) : Study the following graph carefully to answer the questions that follow:



36. What is the total number of students studying B.Sc. in all Colleges together?
 (a) 1825 (b) 1975
 (c) 1650 (d) 1775
 (e) None of these
37. What is the respective ratio of total number of students studying B.Sc. in the colleges C and E together to those studying B.A. in the Colleges A and B together?
 (a) 24 : 23 (b) 25 : 27
 (c) 29 : 23 (d) 29 : 27
 (e) None of these
38. What is the respective ratio of total number of students studying B.Sc., B.A. and B.Com. in all the Colleges together?
 (a) 71 : 67 : 75 (b) 67 : 71 : 75
 (c) 71 : 68 : 75 (d) 75 : 71 : 68
 (e) None of these
39. Number of students studying B.Com. in College C forms **approximately** what percent of the total number of students studying B.Com. in all Colleges together?
 (a) 39 (b) 21
 (c) 44 (d) 33
 (e) 17

40. Number of students studying B.A. in College B forms what percent of total number of students studying all the disciplines together in that College? (rounded off two digits after decimal)
 (a) 26.86 (b) 27.27
 (c) 29.84 (d) 32.51
 (e) None of these

REASONING ABILITY

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 41-45) : Study the following information carefully and answer the questions carefully :

Five experts on Nino-technology involved in an international Research Project hold a Quarterly Review Meeting in Singapore. There are certain limitations on their language skills. Expert R1 knows only Japanese and Hindi; R2 is good at Japanese and English; R3 is good at English and Hindi; R4 knows French and Japanese quite well, and R5, an Indian, knows Hindi, English, and French.

41. Besides R5, which of the following can converse with R4 without an interpreter?
 (a) Only R1 (b) Only R2
 (c) Only R3 (d) Both R1 and R2
 (e) None of these
42. Which of the following cannot converse without an interpreter?
 (a) R2 and R5 (b) R1 and R2
 (c) R1 and R3 (d) R3 and R4
 (e) None of these
43. Choose the language that is least commonly used at the meeting.
 (a) English (b) French
 (c) Japanese (d) Hindi
 (e) None of these
44. Which of the following can act as an interpreter when R3 and R4 wish to discuss?
 (a) Only R1 (b) Only R2
 (c) Only R5 (d) All of the above
 (e) None of these
45. Suppose a sixth Expert R6 joins the session. Which are the languages that he should know so that a maximum number of original experts are able to understand him?
 (a) English and French
 (d) Japanese and Hindi
 (c) English and Hindi
 (d) French and Japanese
 (e) None of these

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 46-48): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions carefully :

In the English alphabet, letters from A to M denote numeric values from 1 to 13 (such that A is 1, B is 2,) and letters from N to Z denote numeric values from -13 to -1 (such that N is -13, O is -12,).

46. The numeric value of which of the following equations will be a whole number?
 (a) KISS/RAPP (b) HIS/HELL
 (c) HISS/YOUR (d) KISS/HELL
 (e) None of these

47. Assuming that the salaries are basically coded with the help of employee names using the code given above, who among the following will be drawing the highest salary?
- (a) PREM (b) SHAN
(c) RAMU (d) RHAN
(e) None of these
48. Following the above mentioned code, which of the following will be true?
- (a) GS - TSZ = 0 (b) PRO = DLW
(c) ROD = YET (d) ROD = DLW
(e) None of these

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 49-53): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions carefully :

In a Public Sector Undertaking Township, there are five executives - Ambrish, Amit, Rohit, Manu and Tarun and they stay in five different flats, numbered 1 to 5.

- Two of them play Cricket while the other three play different games viz. Football, Tennis and Chess.
 - One Cricket player and a Chess player stay in the third flat, whereas the other three stay in different flats, i.e. 2nd, 4th and 5th.
 - Two of these five players are mechanical engineers while the other three are quality inspector, design engineer, and power engineer respectively.
 - The chess player is the oldest in age while one of the cricket players, who plays at the national level, is the youngest in age.
 - The age of the other cricket player, who plays at the regional level, lies between the football player and the chess player.
 - Manu is a regional level player and stays in the 3rd flat while Tarun is a quality inspector and stays in the 5th flat.
 - The football player is a design engineer and stays in the 2nd Flat.
 - Amit is a power engineer and plays Chess while Ambrish is the mechanical engineer and plays Cricket at the national level.
49. Who stays in the 4th flat?
- (a) Ambrish (b) Amit
(c) Rohit (d) Manu
(e) None of these
50. Which sport does Tarun play?
- (a) Chess (b) Football
(c) Cricket (d) Tennis
(e) None of these
51. Who plays football?
- (a) Ambrish (b) Amit
(c) Rohit (d) Manu
(e) None of these
52. Who stay in the same flat?
- (a) Ambrish and Amit
(b) Maim and Tarun
(c) Amit and Manu
(d) Rohit and Tarun
(e) None of these
53. The Chess player is a:
- (a) Power engineer (b) Mechanical Engineer
(c) Design engineer (d) Quality inspector
(e) None of these

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 54-56) : Study the information given below carefully to answer the following questions.

In a certain code language the following lines written as:

'lop eop aop fop' means 'Traders are above laws'

'fop cop bop gop' means 'Developers were above profitable'

'aop bop uop qop' means 'Developers stopped following traders'

'cop jop eop uop' means 'Following maps were laws'

54. 'Developers are following laws' would be correctly written as
- (a) 'bop cop uop eop' (b) 'lop bop eop uop'
(c) 'oup cop lop aop' (d) 'gop cop uop qop'
(e) None of these
55. 'qop gop cop eop' would correctly mean
- (a) profitable laws were stopped
(b) developers stopped following laws
(c) traders were above profitable
(d) were laws profitable traders
(e) None of the above
56. 'aop qop bop' would correctly mean
- (a) following were above
(b) traders stopped developers
(c) developers are laws
(d) traders above stopped
(e) laws are stopped

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 57-61) : In each of the questions below are given four statements followed by three conclusions numbered I, II and III. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

57. Statements: All petals are flowers. Some flowers are buds. Some buds are leaves. All leaves are plants.
Conclusions: I. Some petals are not buds.
II. Some flowers are plants.
III. No flower is plant.
- (a) Only I follows (b) Either II or III follows
(c) I and II follow (d) Only III follows
(e) None of the above
58. Statements: Some pens are keys. Some keys are locks. All locks are cards. No card is paper
Conclusions:
I. No lock is paper.
II. Some cards are keys.
III. Some keys are not paper.
- (a) I and II follow (b) Only I follows
(c) Only II follows (d) All follow
(e) None follows
59. Statements: Some pearls are gems. All gems are diamonds. No diamond is stone. Some stones are corals.
Conclusions:
I. Some stones are pearls.
II. Some corals being diamond is a possibility.
III. No stone is pearl.
- (a) Only I follows (b) Only II follows
(c) Either I or III follows (d) I and II follow
(e) None of these

60. Statements: Some apartments are flats. Some flats are buildings. All buildings are bungalows. All bungalows are gardens.

Conclusions:

- I. All apartments being building is a possibility
 II. All bungalows are not buildings.
 III. No flat is garden.
 (a) None follows (b) Only I follows
 (c) Either I or III follows (d) II and III follow
 (e) Only II follows

61. Statements: All chairs are tables. All tables are bottles. Some bottles are jars. No jar is bucket.

Conclusions:

- I. Some tables being jar is a possibility.
 II. Some bottles are chairs.
 III. Some bottles are not bucket.
 (a) Only I follows (b) I and II follow
 (c) All follow (d) Only II follows
 (e) None of these

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 62-66) : In these questions the symbols @, #, \$, % and ★ are used with different meanings as follow.

'A @ B' means 'A is not smaller than B'.

'A # B' means 'A is neither smaller than nor equal to B'.

'A \$ B' means 'A is neither greater than nor smaller than B'.

'A % B' means 'A is not greater than B'.

'A ★ B' means 'A is neither greater than nor equal to B'.

In each questions, four statements showing relationships have been given, which are followed by three conclusions I, II and III. Assuming that the given statements are true, find out which conclusion (s) is/are definitely true?

62. Statements: V \$ Y, Y @ Z, Z % X, X # T

Conclusions:

- I. T # Z II. X # Y
 III. Z ★ Y
 (a) None follows (b) Only I follows
 (c) II and III follow (d) I and III follow
 (e) Only III follows

63. Statements: R @ J, J % F, F ★ E, E % M

Conclusions:

- I. M # J II. F % M
 III. M ★ R
 (a) Only I follows (b) Only II follows
 (c) Only III follows (d) I and II follow
 (e) All follow

64. Statements: H # R, R @ L, L ★ W, W % F

Conclusions:

- I. H # J II. F # L
 III. H \$ F
 (a) Only I follows (b) I and II follow
 (c) II and III follow (d) Either I or II follows
 (e) All follow

65. Statements: M # K, M \$ F, F % Q, Q ★ H

Conclusions:

- I. H # K II. Q # K
 III. Q @ M
 (a) I and II follow (b) Either I or II follows
 (c) All follow (d) II and III follow
 (e) None of the above

66. Statements: D ★ Q, Q \$ L, L # T, T % H

Conclusions:

- I. D ★ L
 II. L @ H
 III. H # L
 (a) Only I follows (b) I and II follow
 (c) Either II or III follows (d) All follow
 (e) None follow

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 67-71) : Each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II are given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and

Give answer:

- (a) If the data in Statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question
 (b) If the data in Statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question
 (c) If the data in Statement I alone or in Statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question
 (d) If the data in both the Statements I and II are not sufficient to answer the question
 (e) If the data in both the Statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question
67. How many children are there in the group if no two children have same weight?

Statements:

- I. Sahil is fifth from the top in order of weight if all the children in the group were arranged in descending order.
 II. Ramesh, who is heavier than 14 children in the group is immediately next to Sahil in weight.

68. What is the code for 'healthy' in the code language?

Statements:

- I. In the code language 'eat healthy food' is written as 'ka ma re'.
 II. In code language 'food for healthy people' is written as 'ta ma jo re'.

69. How many brothers does 'H' have?

Statements:

- I. 'H' is sister of 'K' who is son of 'T'.
 II. T is mother of 'K' who is brother of 'H'.

70. Who among J, T, W, R and Q reached the office first?

Statements:

- I. J reached before Q, R and T but after W.
 II. Q reached before R but after W.

71. Village 'F' is in which direction with respect to village 'K'?

Statements:

- I. Village 'J' is to the East of village 'F' and to the North of village 'K'.
 II. Village 'R', which is to the South of village 'F' is to the West of village 'K'.

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 72-75) : Read the following passage carefully and answer the Question given below it.

Six friends Abhishek, Deepak, Mridul, Pritam, Ranjan and Salil married within a year in the months of February, April, July, September, November and December and in the cities of Ahmedabad, Bengaluru, Chennai, Delhi, Mumbai and Kolkata, but not necessarily following the above order. The brides' names were Geetika, Jasmine, Hema, Brinda, Ipsita and Veena, once again not following any order. The following are some facts about their weddings.

- (i) Mridul's wedding took place in Chennai, however he was not married to Geetika or Veena
 - (ii) Abhishek's wedding took place in Ahmedabad and Ranjan's in Delhi; however neither of them was married to Jasmine or Brinda
 - (iii) The wedding in Kolkata took place in February
 - (iv) Hema's wedding took place in April, but not in Ahmedabad
 - (v) Geetika and Ipsita got married in February and November and in Chennai and Kolkata but not following the above order
 - (vi) Pritam visited Bengaluru and Kolkata only after his marriage in December
 - (vi) Salil was married to Jasmine to September
72. Hema's husband is
- (a) Abhishek
 - (b) Deepak
 - (c) Ranjan
 - (d) Pritam
 - (e) Mridul
73. Deepak's wedding took place in
- (a) Bengaluru
 - (b) Mumbai
 - (c) Kolkata
 - (d) Delhi
 - (e) Chennai
74. In Mumbai, the wedding of one of the friends took place in the month of
- (a) April
 - (b) September
 - (c) November
 - (d) December
 - (e) July
75. Salil's wedding was held in
- (a) Bengaluru
 - (b) Chennai
 - (c) Kolkata
 - (d) Delhi
 - (e) Mumbai

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 76-80) : In each question below is given statement followed by two courses of action numbered I and II. A course of action is a step or administrative decision to be taken for improvement, follow-up or further action in regard to the problem, policy, etc. On the basis of the information given in the statement, you have to assume everything in the statement to be true, then decide which of the suggested courses of action logically follow(s) for pursuing.

Give answer (a) if only I follows.

Give answer (b) if only II follows.

Give answer (c) if either I or II follows.

Give answer (d) if neither I nor II follows.

Give answer (e) if both I and II follow.

76. **Statement :** Cases of road accidents are increasing constantly, particularly in the urban areas.

Courses of action :

- I Transport authorities in the urban areas should impose stringent norms for maintenance of vehicles.
- II Traffic police should severely punish those found to be violating traffic rules.

77. **Statement :** Despite good economic progress of the country, significant number of undernourished children has been observed in the rural parts of the country.

Courses of action :

- I Govt should increase Wealth Tax / Income tax and use that money for upliftment of the deprived class.
- II Govt should introduce schemes like free meals in primary schools and make primary education compulsory.

78. **Statement :** Launching of new brands of four-wheelers is adding to the traffic congestion in the metro cities.

Courses of action :

- I Public should be encouraged to share their private vehicles while travelling to their work places.
- II Govt. should levy heavy taxes on motor cars in metro cities.

79. **Statement :** Increasing levels of air pollution is creating health hazards for people living in the cities.

Courses of action :

- I All industries should be shifted to the outskirts of the cities.
- II Transport authorities should take steps for converting all public transport vehicles to run on CNG.

80. **Statement :** Large number of college students are found to be focusing more on fashion than on studies.

Courses of action :

- I Colleges should impose restrictions on use of fashionable clothes and accessories.
- II Colleges should keep the students busy enough with studies, so that they don't find time for other things like fashion.

HINTS & EXPLANATIONS

$$1. \quad (a) \quad 48\% \text{ of } 525 + ?\% \text{ of } 350 = 399$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{48}{100} \times 525 + \frac{?}{100} \times 350 = 399$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad 25200 + ? \times 350 = 399 \times 100$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad ? \times 350 = 39900 - 25200 = 14700$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad ? = \frac{14700}{350} = 42$$

2. (b) $? = \frac{3}{7} \text{ of } \frac{4}{5} \text{ of } \frac{5}{8} \text{ of } 490$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{5}{8} \times 490$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 35 \times 3 = 105$$

3. (d) $\sqrt{?} + 17^2 = 335$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{?} + 289 = 335$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{?} = 335 - 289 = 46$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 46 \times 46 = 2116$$

4. (a) $? = 125\% \text{ of } 560 + 22\% \text{ of } 450$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{125}{100} \times 560 + \frac{22}{100} \times 450$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 700 + 99 = 799$$

5. (c) $? = \frac{28 \times 5 - 15 \times 6}{7^2 + \sqrt{256} + (13)^2}$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{140 - 90}{49 + 16 + 169}$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{50}{234} = \frac{25}{117}$$

6. (b) $? = 18.76 + 222.24 + 3242.15$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 3483.15$$

7. (d) $? = 784 \div 16 \div 7$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{784}{16} \div 7$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 49 \div 7 = 7$$

8. (c) $? = \frac{3}{7} \text{ of } 455 + \frac{5}{8} \text{ of } 456$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{3}{7} \times 455 + \frac{5}{8} \times 456$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 195 + 285$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 480$$

9. (b) $? = 1.05\% \text{ of } 2500 + 2.5\% \text{ of } 440$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{1.05}{100} \times 2500 + \frac{2.5}{100} \times 440$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{2625}{100} + \frac{1100}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{3725}{100} = 37.25$$

10. (b) $? = 4900 \div 28 \times 444 \div 12$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 175 \times 37$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 6475$$

11. (e) Compound Interest after two years

$$= 8500 \left(1 + \frac{10}{100} \right)^2 - 8500$$

$$= 10285 - 8500 = ₹ 1785$$

12. (a) Let length of the train be x m

$$\text{Speed of the train be } 60 \text{ km/h} = 60 \times \frac{5}{18} = \frac{50}{3} \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{Then, } \frac{x + 200}{\frac{50}{3}} = 27$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{750}{3} = 250 \text{ m}$$

13. (b) Suppose 16 men can complete the same work in x days

Then,

| | |
|-----|------|
| Men | days |
| 10 | 8 |
| 16 | x |

$$16 : 10 :: 8 : x$$

$$\Rightarrow 16 \times x = 10 \times 8$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{10 \times 8}{16} = 5 \text{ days}$$

14. (a) Let the original fraction be $\frac{x}{y}$.

$$\therefore \frac{x \times 200}{y \times 300} = \frac{4}{21} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{y} = \frac{4}{21} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{2}{7}$$

15. (d) Let the present age of A = x and B = y years

According to first condition

$$\frac{x-7}{y-7} = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow 4x - 28 = 3y - 21 \Rightarrow 4x - 3y = 7 \dots\dots\dots (i)$$

According to second condition

$$\frac{x+9}{y+9} = \frac{7}{8} \Rightarrow 8x + 72 = 7y + 63$$

$$\Rightarrow 7y - 8x = 9 \dots\dots\dots (ii)$$

$$8x - 6y = 14$$

$$\frac{7y - 8x = 9}{y = 23 \text{ years.}}$$

16. (a) Perimeter of the square = 84 cm

Perimeter of the rectangle = 28 cm

Perimeter of the rectangle = $2(1 + b)$

or, $2(8 + b) = 28$ cm

or, $b = 14 - 8 = 6$ cm.

\therefore Breadth of the rectangle = 6 cm

$$\text{Side of the square} = \frac{84}{4} = 21 \text{ cm}$$

Difference = $21 - 6 = 15$ cm.

17. (e) Perimeter of the rectangle = 42 m

$2(l + b) = 42$ m

or, $l + 8.5 = 21$ m

or, $l = 12.5$ m.

Area of the rectangle = $12.5 \times 8.5 = 106.25$ sq.m.

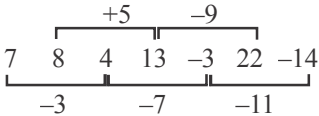
\therefore Area of the circle. = 106.25 sq.m.

18. (d) Let the positive number be x .

$$\text{Then, } \frac{5x}{100} \times \frac{3x}{100} = 504.6$$

$$\text{or, } x^2 = \frac{504.6 \times 100 \times 100}{15}$$

$$\therefore x = 580.$$

19. (b) Two women alone can complete a piece of work in 16 days.
 \therefore Four women can complete the same work in 8 days.
 Since 12 children can complete the work in $\frac{4 \times 8}{8-4} = \frac{4 \times 8}{4} = 8$ days.
 \therefore Four children can complete the work in $\frac{12 \times 8}{4} = 24$ days.
20. (a) $2.31 \text{ km} = 2.31 \times 1000 = 2310 \text{ m}$
 Total number of days = $3 \times 7 = 21$
 \therefore Distance covered by Anu each day = $\frac{2310}{21} = 110 \text{ m}$.
21. (b) $43.2 \text{ m/hr} = 43.2 \times \frac{5}{18} = 12 \text{ m/s}$
 Total distance covered = $12 \times 80 = 960 \text{ m}$.
 Perimeter of the square = 960 m .
 Side of the square = 240 m .
 Area = $(240)^2 = 57600 \text{ sqm}$.
22. (b) Let the number of children be x .
 Now, according to the question
 $\left(\frac{4800}{x} - 100\right)(x+4) = 4800$
 or, $\left(\frac{48}{x} - 1\right)(x+4) = 48$
 or, $(x+16)(x-12) = 0$
 $\therefore x = 12$ sweets
 Number of students = $\frac{4800}{12} = 400$.
23. (c) Sneha's monthly income = $\frac{342000}{12} = 28500$
 \therefore Akruti's monthly income = $\frac{28500}{95} \times 116 = 34800$
 Akruti's annual income = 417600 .
24. (b) Time taken by the truck = $\frac{256}{32} = 8 \text{ hr}$.
 Distance covered by the car = $(256 + 160) = 416 \text{ km}$.
 Time = 8 hr .
 \therefore Speed of the car = $\frac{416}{8} = 52 \text{ km/hr}$.
25. (a) Required percentage = $\frac{663-612}{1020} \times 100 = 5\%$.
26. (c) Area of customer transaction room = $23\text{m} \times 29\text{m} = 667 \text{ sq.m}$
 Area of branch manager room = $13\text{m} \times 17\text{m} = 221 \text{ sq.m}$
 Area of Pantry room = $14\text{m} \times 13\text{m} = 182 \text{ sq.m}$
 Area of Server room = $21\text{m} \times 13\text{m} = 273 \text{ sq.m}$
 Area of locker room = $29\text{m} \times 21\text{m} = 609 \text{ sq.m}$
 Total cost of wooden flooring = $\text{₹}[(170 \times (667 + 221))] = \text{₹}(888 \times 170)$
 Total cost of marble flooring = $\text{₹}[(190 \times (182 + 273 + 609))] = \text{₹}(190 \times 1064)$
 Required Ratio = $888 \times 170 : 1064 \times 190 = 1887 : 2527$
27. (c) Area of 4 walls and ceiling of branch managers room = $2(lh + bh) + lb = 2[17 \times 12 + 13 \times 12] + 13 \times 17 = 941 \text{ sq.m}$
 Total cost of renovatin = $\text{₹}190 \times 941 = \text{₹}178790$
28. (e) Total area of bank is 2000 sq. m
 Total area of bank to be renovated = 1952 sq. m
 Remaining Area = $2000 - 1952 = 48 \text{ sq. m}$
 Total cost Remaining Area to be carpeted at the rate of $\text{₹}110/\text{sq. meter} = \text{₹}(48 \times 110) = \text{₹}5280$
29. (b) percentage area of bank not to be renovated
 $\Rightarrow \frac{\text{Area bank not be renovated}}{\text{Total area of bank}} \Rightarrow \frac{48}{2000} \times 100 = 2.4\%$
30. (a) Total cost of hall of customer transaction = $\text{₹}(170 \times 667) = \text{₹}113,390$
 Total cost of Locker area = $\text{₹}(190 \times 609) = \text{₹}115710$
 Total cost of customer transaction hall + locker area = $\text{₹}(113390 + 115710) = \text{₹}229100$
31. (b) $8 \times 6.5 = 52$
 $52 \times 5.5 = \boxed{286}$
 $286 \times 4.5 = 1287$.
32. (d) $3 \times 14 = 42$
 $42 \times 12 = 504$
 $504 \times 10 = \boxed{5040}$
 $5040 \times 8 = 40320$.
33. (c) $403 - 3 = 400$
 $400 - 6 = 394$
 $394 - 12 = 382$
 $382 - 24 = 358$
 $358 - 48 = 310$
 $310 - 96 = \boxed{214}$.
34. (d) 
35. (a) $250000 \div 4 = 62500$
 $62500 \div 5 = 12500$
 $12500 \div 4 = 3125$
 $3125 \div 5 = 625$
 $625 \div 4 = \boxed{156.25}$
 $156.25 \div 5 = 31.25$.
36. (d) Total number of students studying B.Sc. in all the colleges together = $350 + 325 + 300 + 375 + 425 = 1775$
37. (c) Total number of students studying B.Sc. in colleges C and E = $300 + 425 = 725$
 Total number of students studying B.A. in colleges A and B = $275 + 300 = 575$
 \therefore Required ratio = $725 : 575 = 29 : 23$
38. (a) Total number of students studying in different streams in all the colleges:
 B.Sc. $\rightarrow 1775$
 B.A. $\rightarrow 275 + 300 + 325 + 450 + 325 = 1675$
 B.Com. $\rightarrow 425 + 475 + 325 + 425 + 225 = 1875$
 \therefore Required ratio = $1775 : 1675 : 1875 = 71 : 67 : 75$
39. (e) Number of students studying B. Com. in college C = 325
 Total number of students studying B. Com = 1875
 \therefore Required percentage = $\frac{325}{1875} \times 100 \approx 17$

40. (b) Total number of students in college
 $B = 300 + 325 + 475 = 1100$
 Number of students studying B.A. in college $B = 300$
 \therefore Required percentage $= \frac{300}{1100} \times 100 = 27.27$

Sol. (41-45) :

From the given information, following table can be build:

| | Japanese | Hindi | English | French |
|----|----------|-------|---------|--------|
| R1 | yes | yes | no | no |
| R2 | yes | no | yes | no |
| R3 | no | yes | yes | no |
| R4 | yes | no | no | yes |
| R5 | no | yes | yes | yes |

41. (d) 42. (d) 43. (b) 44. (d)
 45. (b) 46. (d) 47. (a) 48. (a)

Sol. (49-53) :

| Game | Profession | Name | Flat number |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------|
| Tennis | Quality Inspector | Tarun | 5 |
| Cricketer (National) | Mechanical Engg | Ambrish | 4 |
| Chess | Power Engg. | Amit | 3 |
| Cricket (regional) | Mechanical Engg. | Manu | 3 |
| Football | Design Engg. | Rohit | 2 |

49. (a) 50. (d) 51. (c) 52. (c) 53. (a)

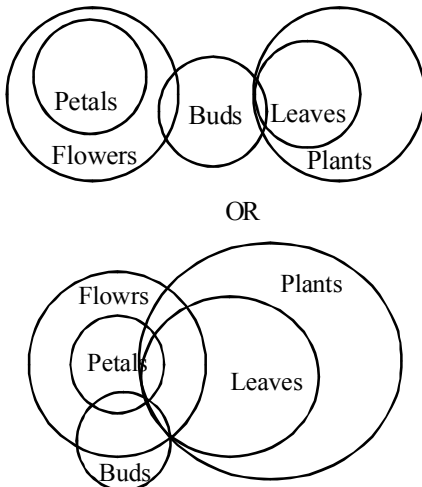
Sol. (54-56):

lop eop aop fop - Traders are above laws \rightarrow (i)
 fop cop bop gop - Developers were above profitable \rightarrow (ii)
 aop bop uop qop - Developers stopped following traders \rightarrow (iii)
 cop job cop uop - Following maps were laws \rightarrow (iv)
 From (i) and (ii), fop - above
 From (i) and (iii), aop - traders
 From (ii) and (iii), bop - developers
 From (ii) and (iv), cop - were
 From (iii) and (iv), uop - following
 From (i) and (iv), eop - laws
 Therefore, remaining codes are

lop - are
 gop - profitable
 qop - stopped
 jop - maps

[from (i)]
 [from (ii)]
 [from (iii)]
 [from (iv)]

54. (b) 55. (a) 56. (b)
 57. (b) According to question,

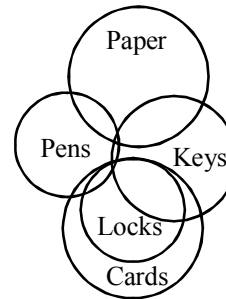
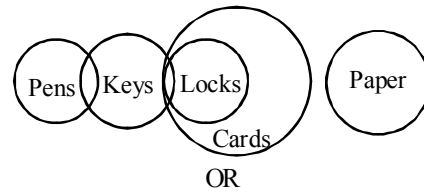


Conclusions I. false

II. false
 III. false } or

Hence, only either II or III follows.

58. (d) According to question



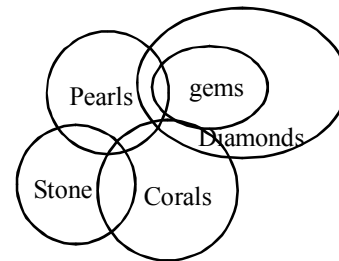
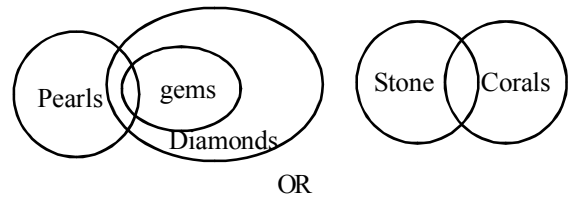
Conclusions I. True

II. True

III. True

Hence, All conclusions follow.

59. (e) According to question,



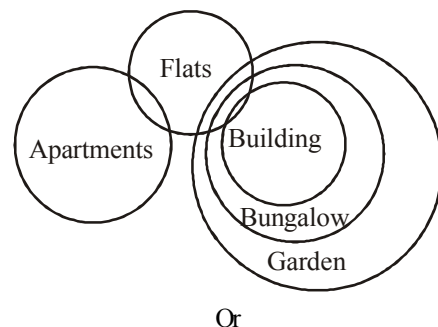
I. False

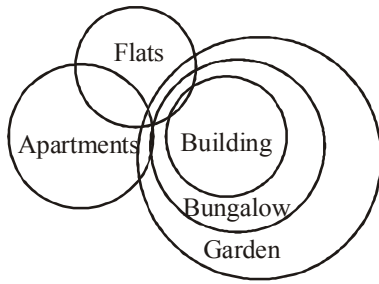
Conclusion II. True } or

III. False

Hence, only conclusions II and either I or III follow.

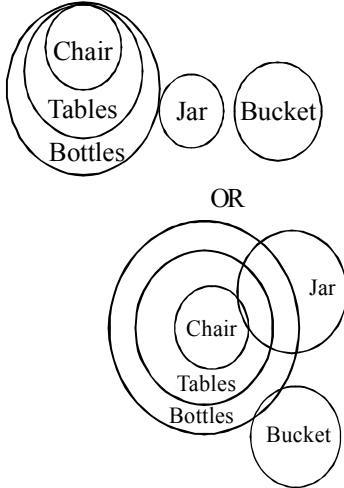
60. (a) According to question,





Conclusions I. True, II. False, III. False
Hence, only conclusion I follows.

61. (c) According to question,



Conclusions, I. True, II. True, III. True.
Hence, All I, II and III follow.

(62-66):

| | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| $\star \Rightarrow <$ | $\# \Rightarrow >$ | $@ \Rightarrow \geq$ |
| $\% \Rightarrow \leq$ | $\$ \Rightarrow =$ | |

62. (a) $V\$Y \Rightarrow V = Y$
 $Y@Z \Rightarrow Y \geq Z$
 $Z\%X \Rightarrow Z \leq X$
 $X\#T \Rightarrow X > T$
 From all above statements,
 $V = Y \geq Z \leq X > T$
 Conclusions I. $T\#Z \Rightarrow T > Z$ (False)
 II. $X\#Y \Rightarrow X > Y$ (False)
 III. $Z\star Y \Rightarrow Z < Y$ (False)
63. (a) $R@J \Rightarrow R \geq J$
 $J\%F \Rightarrow J \leq F$
 $F\star E \Rightarrow F < E$
 $E\%M \Rightarrow E \leq M$
 From all above statements, $R \geq J \leq F < E \leq M$
 Conclusions I: $M\#J \Rightarrow M > J$ (True)
 II. $F\%M \Rightarrow F \leq M$ (False)
 III. $M\star R \Rightarrow M < R$ (False)
64. (b) $H\#R \Rightarrow H > R$
 $R@L \Rightarrow R \geq L$
 $L\star W \Rightarrow L < W$
 $W\%F \Rightarrow W \leq F$
 From all above statements, $H > R \geq L < W \leq F$
 Conclusions I. $H\#L \Rightarrow H > L$ (True)
 II. $F\#L \Rightarrow F > L$ (True)
 III. $H\$F \Rightarrow H = F$ (False)

65. (e) $M\#J \Rightarrow M > F$
 $M\$F \Rightarrow M = K$
 $F\%Q \Rightarrow F \leq Q$
 $Q\star H \Rightarrow Q < H$
 From all above statements,
 $K < M = F \leq Q < H$
 Conclusions. I. $H\#K \Rightarrow H > K$ (True)
 II. $Q\#K \Rightarrow Q > K$ (True)
 III. $Q@M \Rightarrow Q \geq M$ (True)
66. (e) $D\star Q \Rightarrow D < Q$
 $Q\$L \Rightarrow Q = L$
 $L\#T \Rightarrow L > T$
 $T\%H \Rightarrow T \leq H$
 From all above statements,
 $D < Q = L > T \leq H$
 Conclusions. I. $D\star L \Rightarrow D < L$ (True)
 II. $L@H \Rightarrow L \geq H$ (False)
 III. $H\#L \Rightarrow H > L$ (False)
67. (e) From statements (I) and (II)
 According to weight, the position of Sahil is 5th.
 According to weight, the position of Ramesh is 5th.
 So, the number of children in group = $5 + 15 = 20$
 So, both statements are required to give the answer.
68. (d) From statement I,
 eat healthy food \rightarrow Ka ma re
 From statement II,
 food for healthy people \rightarrow ta ma jo re
 So, from both statements, code of 'healthy' can not be determined exactly but it may be 'ma' or 're'.
69. (c)
70. (a) From statement (I). $W > J > (Q, R, T)$
 So, W reached office first.
 From statement (II), $(J, T) > W > Q > R$
 It is not clear from statement (II) that who reached the office first either J or T.
 So, for giving the answer. Statement I is sufficient but statement II is not sufficient.

71. (c)

Sol. (72-75)

| | Mridul | Abhishek | Ranjan | Salil | Deepak | Pritam |
|--------|----------|-----------|--------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Place | Chennai | Ahmedabad | Delhi | Bengaluru | Kolkata | Mumbai |
| Month | November | July | April | September | February | December |
| Brides | Ipsita | Veena | Hema | Jasmine | Geetika | Brinda |

72. (c) 73. (c) 74. (d) 75. (a)
76. (b) Poor maintenance of vehicles may lead to pollution but is seldom a cause of accident. Hence I does not follow. But II follows as violation of traffic rules is the chief culprit in the case of accidents.
77. (e) I follows because providing nourishment to children needs money. II follows because compulsory meals are likely to provide nourishment.
78. (a) I follows as car pooling helps decongest traffic. But II does not follow as this may have impact on overall sales. It is like throwing away the baby with the bathwater.
79. (d) Neither follows because we do not know the cause of pollution.
80. (d) I does not follow because restriction cannot change inclination II does not follow because & inclination cannot be changed.